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Public Ruling

First Home Owner Grant and Other Home Owner Grants Act:

RENTAL PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

A public ruling, when issued, is the published view of the Commissioner of State Revenue (the Commissioner) on the particular topic to which it relates. It therefore replaces and overrides any existing private rulings, memoranda, manuals and advice provided by the Commissioner in respect of the issue(s) it addresses. Where a change in legislation or case law (the law) affects the content of a public ruling, the change in the law overrides the public ruling—that is, the Commissioner will determine the tax liability or eligibility for a concession, grant or exemption, as the case may be, in accordance with the law.

What this ruling is about

- 1. This public ruling clarifies when a party to a rental purchase agreement (RPA) entered into between the Department of Housing and Public Works—Housing and Homelessness Services (Housing) (previously the Department of Communities—Housing and Homelessness Services and the Department of Housing and the Queensland Housing Commission) and a client is considered to have acquired a relevant interest in the land the subject of the RPA for the purposes of determining eligibility for the first home owner grant (the grant) under the *First Home Owner Grant and Other Home Owner Grants Act 2000* (Grants Act).
- 2. The Grants Act provides that the grant is payable on an application if the applicant (or if there are two or more applicants, each of the applicants) complies with the eligibility criteria and the transaction for which the grant is sought is an eligible transaction and has been completed.
- 3. An eligible transaction includes a contract made on or after 1 July 2000 but before 11 October 2012 for the purchase of a home, other than a new home, in Queensland.² A contract is a contract for the purchase of a home if it is for the acquisition of a relevant interest in land on which a home is built.³
- 4. An applicant will not satisfy the eligibility criteria if the applicant or the applicant's spouse has held a relevant interest in residential property before 1 July 2000 or a relevant interest in property that is used as their residence on or after 1 July 2000.⁴

¹ Section 10(1) of the Grants Act

Section 5(2)(a) of the Grants Act. From 31 March 2010, a transaction is not an eligible transaction if the consideration for the transaction is \$750,000 or more or the total of the unencumbered value of the home and the unencumbered value of the relevant interest in the land is \$750,000 or more.

Section 5(3)(a) of the Grants Act

Section 14 of the Grants Act

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- 5. A 'relevant interest' in land includes:
 - (a) an estate in fee simple in the land5
 - (b) an interest as purchaser under⁶
 - a contract for the purchase from the Commonwealth or the State, or any Commonwealth or State instrumentality or authority, of an estate in fee simple in the land by instalments
 - (ii) an instalment contract under the *Property Law Act 1974*, part 6, division 4 for the purchase of an estate in fee simple in the land
 - (c) a licence or right of occupancy granted by the Commonwealth or the State, or any Commonwealth or State instrumentality or authority, that gives, in the Commissioner's opinion, the licensee or holder of the right reasonable security of tenure.⁷
- 6. To be eligible for the grant, a person must have acquired a relevant interest in the land the subject of the claim.
- 7. There has been some uncertainty as to whether, under an RPA, the client has obtained a relevant interest in land.

Ruling and explanation

- 8. Under an RPA the client pays both rent to occupy the property and instalments towards the purchase of an interest in the property.
- 9. Rights given by an RPA do not constitute an estate in fee simple for the purposes of s.8(1)(a) of the Grants Act.
- 10. An RPA is not an instalment contract for the purposes of s.8(1)(f)(i) and (ii) of the Grants Act as it is not a contract for the purchase of an estate in fee simple in the land.
- 11. An RPA is not a licence or right of occupancy of the type referred to in s.8(1)(g) of the Grants Act as, having regard to the terms of the RPA, it is the Commissioner's opinion that an RPA does not give reasonable security of tenure.
- 12. As the holding of an interest under an RPA is not considered to be a relevant interest, a party to an RPA will, subject to all other eligibility criteria being satisfied, be entitled to receive the grant upon purchasing the final share in the property when a relevant interest will be acquired.
- 13. Being a party to an RPA that terminated prior to the purchase of the final share in the property will not, subject to all other eligibility criteria being satisfied, disqualify a person from receiving the grant when acquiring a relevant interest in another property.

⁵ Section 8(1)(a) of the Grants Act

⁶ Section 8(1)(f) of the Grants Act

Section 8(1)(g) of the Grants Act

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Example 1

Etta entered into an RPA with Housing in 1996. However, she did not acquire the final share until 1 January 2002. In this case, the Commissioner would consider her circumstances as at 1 January 2002 to determine if the grant should be paid. It does not matter that the RPA was entered into before 1 July 2000 because there is no acquisition of a relevant interest until the purchase of the final share.

Example 2

Damien entered into an RPA with Housing in July 1996 in respect of a home (the first home). The agreement was terminated in October 2001 and Damien ceased to occupy the home. In January 2002, he entered into a contract to purchase another home and applied for the grant. For the purposes of the grant, Damien would not be considered to have held a relevant interest in the first home.

Date of effect

14. This public ruling takes effect from the date of issue.

Mark Jackson Commissioner of State Revenue Date of issue: 3 November 2020

References

Bulliu Bulliu		Dates o	f effect
Public Ruling	Issued	From	То
FHOGA008.2.5	3 November 2020	3 November 2020	Current
FHOGA008.2.4	11 October 2012	11 October 2012	2 November 2020
FHOGA008.2.3	30 March 2010	31 March 2010	10 October 2012
FHOGA008.2.2	21 December 2009	1 January 2010	30 March 2010
FHOGA008.2.1	24 February 2009	24 February 2009	31 December 2009
Supersedes	7 June 2002	7 June 2002	02 Fabruary 2000
Revenue Ruling FHOG 3.1		7 June 2002	23 February 2009